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JUN 11 2008

PATENT PD040005

Serial No. 10/584,686 Response to Office Action dated 4/09/08 Response dated: 6/11/08

Amendments to the Claims

CUSTOMER NO.: 24498

Please cancel claim 10 and 11 without prejudice.

Please add claims 12-13.

Please amend claims 1 and 3 as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) Method for analyzing an abnormal region on an optical recording medium, including the steps of:
- detecting the abnormal region;
- measuring the radial extension of the abnormal region perpendicular to a track direction; and
- determining the type of the abnormal region based on the measured radial extension; and
- measuring the radial extension of the abnormal region perpendicular to a track direction.

wherein the step of determining the type of the abnormal region includes [[:]] making a speed controlled jump over the abnormal region perpendicular to the track direction [[;]] and obtaining information on the type of abnormal region during the speed controlled jump.

- 2. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein the step of determining the type of the abnormal region further includes:
- differentiating between a first group of types and a second group of types of abnormal region based on the obtained information.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 1, wherein the step of obtaining information on the type of abnormal region during the speed controlled jump includes evaluating a data signal and/or a track crossing signal obtained from the optical recording medium.
- 4. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein the step of measuring the radial extension of the abnormal region includes one of:
- measuring the time needed for jumping over the abnormal region; and

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- counting a number of pulses emitted by a phase locked loop during jumping over the abnormal region, the phase locked loop replicating a track crossing signal obtained before reaching the abnormal region in the jumping step.
- 5. (Original) Method according to claim 1, further including the steps of:
- jumping back to the start of the abnormal region;
- reading data stored in the abnormal region; and
- evaluating the data for determining the type of abnormal region.
- 6. (Original) Method according to claim 5, wherein the step of evaluating the data for determining the type of abnormal region includes at least one of:
- evaluating a sync signal included in the data; and
- evaluating the data frequency in the abnormal region.
- 7. (Original) Method according to claim 5, wherein the step of measuring the radial extension of the abnormal region includes counting the number of wrong syncs in the abnormal region.
- 8. (Original) Method according to claim 1, further including the step of storing the position, the radial extension and/or the type of the abnormal region on the optical recording medium.
- 9. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein the types of abnormal region include at least one of a groove region, a mirror region, a defect region, a wrong bitrate region and a wrong structure region.
- 10. (Cancelled)
- 11. (Cancelled)

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- 12. (New) Method according to claim 2, wherein the step of differentiating between a first group of types and a second group of types of abnormal region based on the obtained information includes:
- classifying an abnormal region as belonging to the first group of types if an evaluation of the abnormal region does only take a short time compared with the evaluation of the abnormal region in the second group of types; and
- otherwise classifying an abnormal region as belonging to the second group of types.
- 13. (New) Method for analyzing an abnormal region on an optical recording medium, including the steps of:
- detecting the abnormal region;
- determining the type of the abnormal region based on the detected signal; and
- differentiating between a first group of types and a second group of types of abnormal region based on the obtained information;
- wherein the step of differentiating the type of the abnormal region based on the obtained information includes classifying an abnormal region as belonging to a first group of types if the abnormalities of the detected signal are caused by the physical characteristics of the recording medium and classifying an abnormal region as belonging to a second group of types if the abnormalities of the detected signal are caused by erroneous data.